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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/930,721	08/15/2001	Max Douglas Oyler	9D-DW-19866	1672
75	90 06/09/2003			
John S. Beulick Armstrong Teasdale LLP One Metropolitan Sq., Suite 2600			EXAMINER	
			WILKENS, JANET MARIE	
St. Louis, MO 63102			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3637	
			DATE MAILED: 06/09/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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<u>ាំ</u>	.59 , 1	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/930,721	OYLER ET AL.			
B	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Jan t M. Wilkens	3637			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app ars on the cover sheet with the correspond nce address Period for Reply						
A SHO THE M - Exten after s - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Issions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABADDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication.			
1) 🗌	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) $\underline{1-21}$ is/are pending in the application					
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav	vn from consideration.				
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)∐ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.				
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents					
	3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
2) 🔲 Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. For claim 21, "said escutcheon" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by Nam or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Nam in view of Kraines et al. Nam teaches an outer door panel (Fig. 1; prior art figure) comprising: a frame (20) with lateral

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sides, an outer surface extending from the frame and bowed between the sides (see Fig. 1; bend of outer panel), and an angled recessed control panel/escutcheon (30) extending from the outer surface and between the lateral sides. The outer surface extends between the control panel and top edge of the frame ("top" when the door is open). Although a recessed control mounting surface is not specifically disclosed or shown, in order for the control panel to be positioned in the door panel, such a surface would be necessary. However, even if this were not the case, to provide a control mounting surface in a door panel for a control panel to sit would have been an obvious consideration to one of ordinary skill in the art, so that the control panel is mounted within the door panel and flush with the outer surface thereof. See reference of Kraines, for example, wherein the control panel (20) is mounted in a recessed member of a dashboard (24). For claims 14 and 17, Nam further teaches an inner door panel (see Fig. 3).

For claims 3, 14, and 17, Nam fails to teach that the door is specifically on a dishwasher. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use this type of door on any of a number of different appliances, including dishwashers, depending on the desired need of the person designing/constructing the appliance. Like refrigerator doors, dishwasher doors commonly have control panels thereon (see cited prior art).

For claims 4, 13 and 20, Nam fails to teach that the outer surface of the door is specifically made of metal. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention make the door out of any of a number of

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different materials, including metal, depending on the desired need of the person designing/constructing the appliance, e.g. for aesthetic reasons, depending on the material readily available, etc.

For claims 5, 12 and 21, Nam fails to teach that the outer surface of the escutcheon is specifically made of plastic. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention make the escutcheon out of any of a number of different materials, including plastic, depending on the desired need of the person designing/constructing the appliance and/or its components, e.g. for aesthetic reasons, depending on the material readily available, etc.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Janet M. Wilkens whose telephone number is (703) 308-2204. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2168.

Wilkens June 4, 2003 JANET M. WILKENS
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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